

General Information about KSU



- Founded in 1804, Kazan State University is the second oldest university in the Russian Federation. An internationally acknowledged centre of academic excellence, it is routinely listed among the 5 to 10 best institutions of higher education in the country. The history of KSU is associated with many world-renowned figures, like the father of non-Euclidian geometry, Nikolai Lobachevsky; the writer, Leo Tolstoy; the discoverer of the Antarctic, Ivan Simonov; the

founder of organic chemistry, Alexander Butlerov; a father of modern linguistics, Ivan Baudouin de Courtenay; the discoverer of electron spin resonance, Evgeniy Zavoisky; and the Soviet leader Vladimir Ulianov, otherwise known as Lenin. Today many of our



graduates are prominent politicians, famous professionals, successful businessmen and distinguished scholars working in a variety of countries.

- The University stands out as one of the architectural diamonds in the centre of the 1,000 year-old city of Kazan, the capital of the Republic of Tatarstan and a city populated by 1.2 million people, mostly Russians and Tatars. While located in the same time zone as Moscow, Kazan straddles Europe and Asia on the left bank of the great Volga River, some 500 miles east of Russia's capital. To reach the city from Moscow takes an hour by plane, overnight by train or four-days by a leisurely boat ride down the main waterway of Russia's heartland.
- Academic visitors from all over the world are attracted by both the University's reputation and the cultural richness of Kazan and Tatarstan. The number of visitors to KSU has increased following the University's 200th anniversary in November 2004 and the city's millennium celebrations in August 2005, both of which were celebrated as Russian national events.

Website: <http://www.ksu.ru>



Kazan is one of the most economically dynamic and culturally diverse cities in Russia, and is nowadays recognized by many as Russia's 'third capital'. With the long-term peaceful coexistence of its Christian Russian and Muslim Tatar populations, Kazan has had the unique honor of being simultaneously an eastern outpost of Christianity and the northernmost Islamic cultural centre on the planet. This vibrant mixture of cultures has welcomed the modern world: with its forty institutions of higher education, numerous theatres and sports facilities, modern industries from oil production to aircraft engineering and a rapidly developing tourist infrastructure the city buzzes with life while cherishing the University as its special pride. In return, the University breeds good citizenship and encourages insightful visions of peace and harmony for a diverse world in the age of globalization.



Law Faculty

The Law Faculty of Kazan State University is one of leading schools in Russia providing higher education in the field of law.

Leader of the scientific research work of the students	Dean	Chairman of the Student Scientific Society
 <p>Yurii Lukin Assistant (Department of Theory and History of State and Law), attorney.</p>	 <p>Ildar A. Tarhanov Doctor of Law, Professor, Honored Lawyer of the Russian Federation And Tatarstan, member of High qualification body of judges for the Russian Federation</p>	 <p>Stanislav Alexandrov Grant-aided student of Oxford-Russia Fund (UK)</p>

Main scientific direction: social and legal fundamentals of strengthening Russian statehood in the environment of federalism, democracy and international legal order in the 21st century.

The Faculty has a Student Scientific Society, that cooperates with scientific societies of other universities in Russia, and a number of students scientific clubs.



The Law Faculty of Kazan State University is one of the oldest establishments of higher legal education in Russia. Its history began from the first days of Kazan Imperial University. Under the Charter of 1804 signed by Alexander I, the Section of Morals and Politics was one of the four educational units that made up the newly founded University.

Many well-known philosophers and thinkers, prominent scientists and practitioners have been students of Law Faculty in different years. Thus, among the first students was the renowned Russian writer S.Aksakov who attended lectures on law in the German language. The student of Law Faculty Leo Tolstoy wrote a term paper devoted to the comparison of «The Spirit of Laws» by Montesquieu with «The Order» by Catherine the Great under the supervision of Professor Meyer D.I. Much later Tolstoy wrote: «This work opened a new domain of intellectual independent work to me.»

In 1887 the 17-year-old Vladimir Ulyanov (Lenin) became a student of Law Faculty. Shortly, he participated in a student political strike and was dismissed from the University as a result of his revolution activity. Here, in Kazan, he experienced his first arrest and exile to the village of Kokushkino outside Kazan. Vladimir Ulyanov left Kazan as a mature Marxist.



Kazan State University

Kazan University is one of the ten top Russian classical universities.

Kazan State University is a comprehensive, public institution of higher education. Kazan State University is accredited by the Ministry of Education and Sciences of the Russian Federation



<http://www.kzn.ru> - The city of Kazan. Official web-portal of Kazan mayor's office

<http://www.kazan1000.ru> - official millennium server

<http://www.kazan.ws> - My Kazan – capital of Tatarstan Republic